MATH 34B DEFINITE INTEGRALS

Definite Integrals as Area

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) =$$

Examples. Find the following definite integrals by interpreting it as an area.

- 1. $\int_{-1}^{5} 3dx =$
- 2. $\int_0^2 x dx =$

Riemann sum approximation

Idea:

- 1. Estimate the following integral using left endpoint with n=4. $\int_0^4 x^2 dx$
- 2. Estimate the following integral using right endpoint with n=3. $\int_1^7 \ln(4x) dx$
- 3. Estimate the following integral using midpoint with n=4. $\int_{-1}^1 \cos(x^3) dx$

Fundamental theorem of Calculus

Part I.

$$f(x) = \int_{c}^{x} F(t)dt$$

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is differentiable and f'(x) = F(x).

Examples. Find the derivative of the following functions.

1.
$$g(x) = \int_1^x \sin(t)t^2 dt$$

2.
$$h(x) = \int_0^{x^2} \ln(t+3)dt$$

Part II.

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx = F(x) + C$$

Examples. Using FTC to find the following definite integrals.

1.
$$\int_{-2}^{3} e^{3x} dx =$$

2.
$$\int_{-\pi}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (2\cos(x) + \sin(x)) dx =$$

$$3. \int_{-1}^{2} \frac{x^2 + 2x}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 10} dx =$$

Some rules

Example. The functions f(x) and g(x) are continuous on the interval $-1 \le x \le 10$ and they satisfy

$$\int_{-1}^{4} f(x)dx = 3, \quad \int_{4}^{10} f(x)dx = -5, \quad \int_{-1}^{10} g(x)dx = 8, \quad \int_{4}^{10} g(x)dx = -9.$$
 Find
$$\int_{-1}^{4} [2f(x) + 9g(x)]dx = \text{ and } \int_{-1}^{10} [4g(x) - 3f(x)]dx =$$