

Last time

V, W vector spaces

01/30/12

$T: V \rightarrow W$ is a linear transformation

if it preserves both the vector addition and scalar multiplication, i.e. $\forall u, v \in V, \forall k$ scalar

$T(u+v) = T(u) + T(v)$	} preserves vector addition } preserves scalar multiplication
$T(ku) = kT(u)$	

$\iff T(k_1 u_1 + k_2 u_2) = k_1 T(u_1) + k_2 T(u_2)$

$\iff T(k_1 u_1 + \dots + k_n u_n) = k_1 T(u_1) + \dots + k_n T(u_n)$

vectors remain scalars pull out

Linear transfⁿs and matrices:

$T: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$

linear transfⁿ

$\iff m \times n$ matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & \dots & a_{mn} \end{bmatrix}$

$T \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} = A \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$

$= \begin{bmatrix} a_{11}x_1 + \dots + a_{1n}x_n \\ \vdots \\ a_{m1}x_1 + \dots + a_{mn}x_n \end{bmatrix}$ ~~general form of a linear transfⁿ from \mathbb{R}^n to \mathbb{R}^m .~~

Standard matrix of T :

$A = [T(e_1) \mid T(e_2) \mid \dots \mid T(e_n)]$

$e_1 = (1, 0, \dots, 0), e_2 = (0, 1, \dots, 0), e_n = (0, 0, \dots, 1)$

standard basis of \mathbb{R}^n

Rank of a linear transfⁿ

surjective?

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$$T: V \longrightarrow W$$

- $\text{Im}(T) = \{w \in W \mid w = T(v) \text{ for some } v \in V\}$

$\subset W$ is a subspace.

- $\text{rank}(T) = \dim(\text{Im}(T))$.

- For $T: \mathbb{R}^n \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$, $T(x) = Ax$ for an $m \times n$ matrix A ,

$$\text{rank}(T) = \text{rank}(A)$$

T is surjective

$$\iff \text{Im}(T) = W$$

$$\iff \text{rank}(T) = \dim W$$

Kernel of a linear transfⁿ

injective?

- $\text{ker}(T) = \{v \in V \mid T(v) = 0\}$

$\subset V$ is a subspace.

- $\text{nullity}(T) = \dim(\text{ker}(T))$

T is injective

$$\iff \text{ker}(T) = \{0\}$$

$$\iff \text{nullity}(T) = 0$$

Dimension Theorem:

$$\text{nullity}(T) + \text{rank}(T) = \dim V$$

