

## Homework 15: Elementary Matrices

*Due 11/18/13, at the start of class.**UCSB 2013*

There are a number of problems on this set. Problems from the first two sections are worth half a point apiece; problems from the third section are worth a point apiece. Do **three** points worth of problems. Have fun!

## 1 Desert Islands and Elementary Matrices

The scenario for this section is the following: suppose that you're stranded on a desert island, with nothing but a large box containing all of the  $3 \times 3$  elementary matrices. What matrices can you create?

At the end of class, we noticed that we can make things like

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \circ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

What else can we create? Specifically: consider the following six matrices. Come up with a sequence of elementary matrices that we can compose together to create that matrix.

1.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

4.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$

2.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & 8 \\ 13 & 21 & 34 \end{bmatrix}$

5.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

3.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

6.  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

## 2 Desert Islands: Now With Less Matrices

Suppose you're in the same situation as before, but parrots on your desert island have stolen all of your elementary matrices of the form  $E_{\text{multiply entry } k \text{ by } 0}$ . So you still have all of your "swap two things" elementary matrices, and all of your "add copies of one row to another" matrices, but you only have the "multiply a row by  $\lambda$ " matrices when  $\lambda \neq 0$ .

Consider the following four matrices that we made in section 1. Show that we can no longer make these matrices.

1. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 & 8 \\ 13 & 21 & 34 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

### 3 Elementary Matrices: Now With Less Desert Islands

1. Take **any**  $3 \times 3$  matrix  $A$ . Show that we can create  $A$  with an appropriate combination of elementary matrices.
2. Suppose that  $A$  is a  $3 \times 3$  matrix that we cannot invert. Prove that we cannot write  $A$  as a composition of elementary matrices, if we do not get to use the elementary matrices of the form  $E_{\text{multiply entry } k \text{ by } 0}$ .