

Problem 1

Make truth tables for the following formulas:

- (a) $\neg P \vee Q$.
- (b) $(S \vee G) \wedge (\neg S \vee \neg G)$.
- (c) $\neg[P \wedge (Q \vee \neg P)]$.

Solution

Problem 2

Use truth tables to help you find simpler formulas equivalent to these formulas below:

(a) $\neg(\neg P \wedge \neg Q)$.

(b) $(P \wedge Q) \vee (P \wedge \neg Q)$.

(c) $\neg(P \wedge \neg Q) \vee (\neg P \wedge Q)$.

Solution

Problem 3

Use truth tables to determine which of the following are equivalent:

$$\neg(P \wedge Q),$$

$$\neg P \wedge \neg Q,$$

$$\neg P \vee \neg Q.$$

Solution

Problem 4

In this exercise we will use the symbol \oplus to mean *exclusive or*. In other words, $P \oplus Q$ means “ P or Q , but not both.”

- (a) Make a truth table for $P \oplus Q$.
- (b) Find a formula using only the connectives \wedge , \vee , and \neg that is equivalent to $P \oplus Q$. Justify your answer using a truth table.

Solution

Problem 5

Find formulas involving the connectives \wedge , \vee and \neg that have the following truth tables:

	P	Q	???
	F	F	T
(a)	F	T	F
	T	F	T
	T	T	T

	P	Q	???
	F	F	F
(b)	F	T	T
	T	F	T
	T	T	F

Solution