

Morrison: K3 surfaces, modular forms and non-geom. compactifications

	ord $f$	ord $g$	ord $\Delta$	sing.	monodromy
$I_0$	$\geq 0$	$\geq 0$	0	-	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
$I_n$	0	0	$n$	$A_{n-1}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & n \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
$II$	$\geq 1$	1	2	-	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
$III$	1	$\geq 2$	3	$A_2$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
$IV$	$\geq 2$	2	4	$A_3$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$
$I_0^*$	$\geq 2$	$\geq 3$	6	$D_4$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
$II^*$	2	3	$n+6$	$D_{n+4}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
$III^*$	3	4	8	$E_6$	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$
$IV^*$	3	5	9	$E_7$	$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
$V^*$	4	5	10	$E_8$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$
non-minimal	$\geq 4$	$\geq 6$	$\geq 12$	$E_8$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

Physical theory w/  $SL(2; \mathbb{Z})$  symmetry  
 $\tau \in \mathbb{C}, \text{Im } \tau > 0$

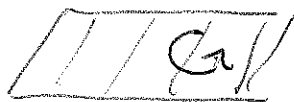
$$\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix} : \tau \mapsto \frac{a\tau + b}{c\tau + d}$$

Cosmic strings: Greene, Shapere, Vafa, Yau



$\tau$  varies over a surface

F-theory  $\equiv$  B string theory (10 dim)



8-dim

$j(\tau) =$  the natural  $SL(2, \mathbb{Z})$ -inv. function

Eisenstein series

$\mathbb{C}/\langle 1, \tau \rangle$

Weierstrass  $\wp$ -function

$$\wp(z; \tau) = \frac{1}{z^2} + \sum_{(m,n) \neq (0,0)} \left( \frac{1}{(z - m\tau - n)^2} - \frac{1}{(m\tau + n)^2} \right)$$

periods  $1, \tau$

$$\wp'(z) = -\frac{2}{z^3} + \sum_{(m,n) \neq (0,0)} \frac{-2}{(z - m\tau - n)^3}$$

$\leadsto$

$$\wp'(z)$$

$$y^2 = x^3 - \frac{1}{3} E_4(\tau) x + \frac{2}{27} E_6(\tau)$$

$$x \sim \wp \quad y \sim \wp'$$

$$\Delta = \frac{4}{27} (-E_4(\tau)^3 + E_6(\tau)^2) \quad (3)$$

$$= -2^8 \eta(\tau)^{24}$$

$$j(z) \sim \frac{E_4(\tau)^3}{\Delta}$$

$$y^2 = x^3 + fx + g$$

now,  $f \in H^0(\mathbb{L}^{\otimes 4})$   
 $g \in H^0(\mathbb{L}^{\otimes 6})$

$f, g$  now depend on parameters  
 the base of family is 1-dim's

Kodaira classified singular behavior

F-theory singularities are identified

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{II B w/ } n \text{ D7 branes} \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & n \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \text{I}_n \\ \text{II B w/ } m \text{ D7 branes} \leftrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} -n & m-4 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \text{I}_{m-4}^* \\ \text{II B w/ } + \text{O7} \end{array} \right.$$

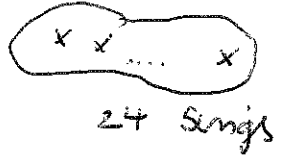
exotic branes  $\leftrightarrow$  other Kodaira types

Heterotic string on  $T^2$

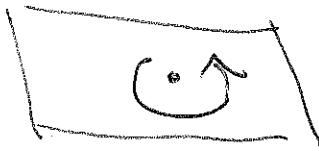
$\leadsto$  effective 8-dim theory

moduli for scalars

$$m = \frac{SO(2, 18)}{SO(2, 18, \mathbb{Z})} \quad \frac{SO(2) \times SO(18)}{SO(2) \times SO(18)}$$



6D

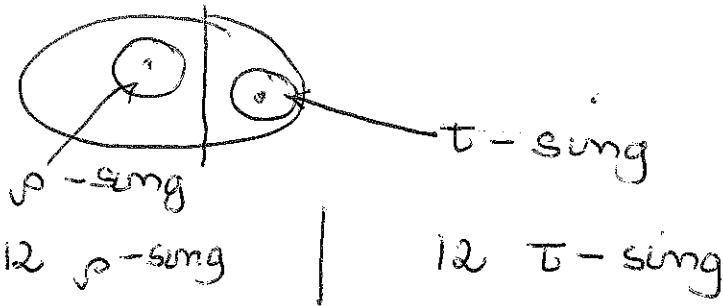


The heterotic string on  $T^2$  has a large volume  $T^2$ , then near a boundary lot of  $m$

$$\frac{SL(2, \mathbb{Z})}{\tau}$$

$$\times \frac{SL(2; \mathbb{Z})}{\rho} \times \text{Wilson line}$$

G SY  $\leadsto$  HMW:



- 1) w/ McOrist x Sethi  
arXiv: 1004.5992
- 2) w/ Malmendier  
arXiv: 1102.xxxx

$$m = 0 \quad \Gamma \quad \frac{SO(2, p)}{SO(2) \times SO(p)}$$

$p=2$  (no Wilson lines)  $E_8 \times E_8$   
 or  $Spin(32)/\mathbb{Z}_2$

$p=3$  ("one Wilson line")  $E_8 \times E_7$   
 or  $Spin(28) \times SU(2) / \mathbb{Z}_2$

$$y^2 = x^3 + fx + g$$

$f, g$  homog of degree 8, 12 on  $\sigma \in \mathbb{CP}^1$

$E_8 \times E_8$

$$y^2 = x^3 + A\sigma^4 x + (B\sigma^5 + C\sigma^6 + D\sigma^7)$$

$E_8 \times E_7$

$$y^2 = x^3 + (A_0\sigma^3 + A_1\sigma^4)x + (B\sigma^5 + C\sigma^6 + D\sigma^7)$$

$Spin(28) \times SU(2) / \mathbb{Z}_2$

$$y^2 = x^3 + p_3(s)x^2 + Esx$$

↓

$Spin(32)/\mathbb{Z}_2$

K3 birational to K3

$E_8 \times E_8$

$Spin(32)/\mathbb{Z}_2$

$E_8 \times E_7$

$Spin(28) \times Spin(2)/\mathbb{Z}_2$

$\sim \Rightarrow X \xrightarrow{Spin(32)/\mathbb{Z}_2} \mathbb{P}^1$

$E_8 \times E_8 \downarrow \mathbb{P}^1$

$Km(E_\tau \times E_\rho)$

$\updownarrow$  2:1 cover

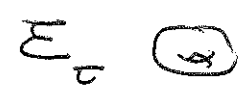


no Wilson line

a)  $SO(2,2)/SO(2) \times SO(2) = \mathbb{H}_\tau \times \mathbb{H}_\rho$

$\Rightarrow$  description:  $E_{2k}(\tau), E_{2k}(\rho)$

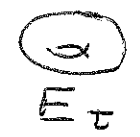
b) one Wilson line:



$\sqsupset SO(2,3)/SO(2) \times SO(3) = \mathbb{H}_{g,2}$

$\uparrow$  moduli space of genus-2 curves

$\rightarrow$  limit



$Kum(\mathcal{J}(\mathcal{C}))$

$\updownarrow$  2:1 cover



A. Kumar, Clingher - Doran

$$\psi_{2k}(\tau) = \sum_{(c,d) \text{ distinct}} \det (Cz + D)^{-2k} \quad \text{with } z$$

$$\chi_{10} = \frac{43867}{2^{12} 3^3 5^2 7 \cdot 53} (\psi_4 \psi_6 - \psi_{10})$$

$$\chi_{12} = \frac{691}{2^{13} 3^8 5^3 7^2} (3^2 \cdot 7^2 \cdot \psi_4^3 + 2 \cdot 5^3 \cdot \psi_6^2 - 691 \psi_{12})$$

$$\frac{\text{Spin}(28) \times \text{SU}(2)}{\mathbb{Z}_2}$$

$$y^2 = x^3 + \left( s^3 - \frac{1}{3} \psi_4 s - \frac{2}{27} \psi_6 \right) x^2 + \left( -2^{12} \chi_{10} s + 2^{10} \chi_{12} \right) x$$

no Wilson line

$$\xrightarrow{\chi_{10} \rightarrow 0}$$

$$\psi_4 \rightarrow E_4(\tau) E_4(\rho)$$

$$\psi_6 \rightarrow E_6(\tau) E_6(\rho)$$

$$\chi_{12} \rightarrow \eta^{24}(\tau) \eta^{24}(\rho)$$

other interesting case

$$\Gamma \backslash \frac{\text{SO}(2,4)}{\text{SO}(2) \times \text{SO}(4)} \stackrel{2}{=} \Gamma \backslash \frac{\text{SU}(4)}{\text{SO}(4)}$$