

# MAT 145 : Homework Hints

Michael Williams

Last Updated: May 11, 2009

## Homework 4 Hints

### Problems from Crossley's Book

5.1 The simplest function to use would be an *affine function* (i.e. a function of the form  $f(x) = mx + b$ , where  $m$  and  $b$  are constants). To find a formula for  $f(x)$ , first construct the *appropriate* straight line in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , then derive the equation  $y = mx + b$  for this line. After finding  $f(x)$ , the inverse function should be extremely easy to calculate.

5.5 For stereographic projection of  $\mathbb{S}^1$ : Let  $(x, y)$  be a point in  $\mathbb{S}^1 - \{(0, 1)\}$ . Derive an equation for the line passing through  $(0, 1)$  and  $(x, y)$ ; you might want to use variables like  $x_1, x_2$  for this equation. Then calculate the *appropriate* intersection point of this line with the projection line  $\{(x_1, -1) : x_1 \in \mathbb{R}\}$ . Draw a diagram of  $\mathbb{S}^1$  and the projection line in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  to understand the geometry of this problem.

For stereographic projection of  $\mathbb{S}^2$ : Let  $(x, y, z)$  be a point in  $\mathbb{S}^2 - \{(0, 0, 1)\}$ . Derive parametric equations for the line passing through  $(0, 0, 1)$  and  $(x, y, z)$ ; you might want to use variables like  $x_1, x_2, x_3$  for the parametric equations. Then calculate the *appropriate* intersection point of this line with the projection plane  $\{(x_1, x_2, -1) : x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R}\}$ . Draw a diagram of  $\mathbb{S}^2$  and the projection plane in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  to understand the geometry of this problem.

### Problems from Hatcher's Notes

3. Given an open covering  $\{O_\alpha\}$  of  $X$ , use the complement of one of the  $O_\alpha$ 's to construct a finite subcovering.

6. It is straightforward to show that  $A \cup B$  is compact.

To show that  $A \cap B$  is compact (now assuming that  $X$  is Hausdorff), use the fact that  $A \cap B$  lies in the compact Hausdorff space  $A$  (or  $B$ ), and use the relationships between *closed sets* and *compact sets* in a compact Hausdorff space. See propositions on pages 33 and 35 of Hatcher's notes; these propositions were also discussed in class. Working with subspaces might be tricky, so read the lemma (and its proof) on page 11 of Hatcher's notes.